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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/757,897	01/15/2004	Mark Molitor	HOL01 P445	4738
277 7590 07/27/2007 PRICE HENEVELD COOPER DEWITT & LITTON, LLP 695 KENMOOR, S.E. P O BOX 2567 GRAND RAPIDS, MI 49501			EXAMINER WILHELM, TIMOTHY	
			ART UNIT 3616	PAPER NUMBER
			MAIL DATE 07/27/2007	DELIVERY MODE PAPER

**Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.**

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

<b>Office Action Summary</b>	Application No. 10/757,897	Applicant(s) MOLITOR, MARK	
	Examiner Timothy D. Wilhelm	Art Unit 3616	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

### Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

### Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 07 May 2007.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**.                      2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

### Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 2-20 and 22-36 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☒ Claim(s) 22-28 is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 2-20 and 29-36 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

### Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
     Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
     Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

### Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All    b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

### Attachment(s)

- |  |   |
|--|---|
| 1) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)                                | 4) <input type="checkbox"/> Interview Summary (PTO-413)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date. _____ |
| 2) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)                       | 5) <input type="checkbox"/> Notice of Informal Patent Application                       |
| 3) <input type="checkbox"/> Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)<br>Paper No(s)/Mail Date _____ | 6) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: _____  |

### DETAILED ACTION

This office action is made in response to an amendment filed by Applicant on 5/7/2007.

#### *Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102*

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

2. Claims 2-9,11-14,32, and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by VanDenberg (5,718,445). VanDenberg discloses a vehicle suspension assembly 1, comprising a first control arm 14 having a first end 35 and a second end, wherein the first end 35 of the first control arm 14 includes a first bushing 28 adapted to pivotally couple the first control arm 14 to a first frame member of a vehicle, and wherein the second end of the first control arm 14 is pivotally coupled to an axle 12 via linkage member 20 which extends upwardly from the axle 12, a second control arm 14 having a first end and a second end, wherein the first end of the second control arm includes a second bushing 28 adapted to pivotally couple the second control arm to a second frame member of a vehicle, and wherein the second end of the second control arm is adapted to be pivotally coupled to the axle 12 of the vehicle via linkage member 20, a rigid, tube-shaped first torsional member 31 coupled to the first control arm 14 rearward of the first bushing 28 and forward of the axle 12, and coupled to the second control rearward of the first bushing 28 and forward of the axle 12, a third control arm having a first end and a second end, wherein the first end of the third control arm is adapted to be pivotally coupled to a third frame member 7 of the vehicle, and wherein the second end of the third control arm is adapted to be pivotally

coupled to the second frame member of the vehicle, a fourth control arm wherein the first end of the third control arm is adapted to be pivotally coupled to the third frame member 7 of the vehicle, and wherein the second end of the third control arm is adapted to be pivotally coupled to an axle 13, first and second pneumatic suspension bags positioned between the first and second frame members and axle 12, and third and fourth pneumatic suspension bags positioned between the first and second frame members, respectively, and axle 13, and a rigid second torsional member coupled to the third and fourth control arms. The torsional member 31 is situated such that it is proximate the first end 35 of the first control arm 14. The first and second ends of the first, second, and third control arms 14 include elastically deformable bushings 28 which have elongated apertures extending through the center.

3. With regard to claims 4 and 5, VanDenberg discloses the vehicle suspension assembly 1 described above wherein the first end 35 of the first control arm 14 is adapted to be pivotally coupled with a first linkage member 5 that is fixedly attached to and extends downwardly from the first frame member 16, the first end of the second control arm is adapted to be pivotally coupled with a second linkage member, identical to the first, that is fixedly attached to and extends downwardly from the second frame member.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

5. Claim 10 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over VanDenberg in view of Mair (6,409,280). VanDenberg discloses a vehicle suspension assembly comprising three control arms 24,24,22 and a rigid torsion member 60 coupled to the first and second control arms 24,24. VanDenberg discloses the present invention except for the torsional member including a first flanged end and a second flanged end, and the first flanged end being fixedly coupled to the first control arm via at least one bolt extending through at least one aperture in the first flanged end and at least one aperture in the first control arm, and the second flanged end being fixedly coupled to the second control arm via at least one bolt extending through at least one aperture in the second flanged end and at least one aperture in the second control arm. Mair teaches truck and trailer hub comprising an axle with a flanged end flanged end 20 that is fixedly coupled to a wheel assembly via a plurality of bolts 21 extending through corresponding apertures in the flange and wheel assembly. This is a commonly known means of coupling one object to another. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply the teachings of Mair of the flanged tube connection to the two ends of the tube-shaped torsion member to create more secure and rigid attachments of the torsion member to the control arms.

6. Claims 15 and 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over VanDenberg in view of Bell (1,984,565). VanDenberg discloses the present invention except for the first and the second control arms 24,24 being substantially L-shaped defining an elbow along the length of each of the control arms, and on the elbow of which the torsion bar is connected. Bell teaches a vehicle wheel suspension assembly with L-shaped control arms 31 on which a bar

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29 is connected to the elbow. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to have applied the teaching of Bell of L-shaped control arms to the vehicle suspension assembly of Pierce ('12) and to have coupled the torsion bar to the elbows of the first and second control arms to allow for the torsion member to be coupled to the control arm at a spot other than the connecting point between the control arm and the vehicle frame member while still being connected to the end of the control arm.

7. Claim 17 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over VanDenberg et al in view of Goby (2,823,927). VanDenberg discloses the present invention except for control arms with forked ends. Goby teaches a vehicle suspension system 1 comprising at least one control arm 4, the end of which is fork-shaped and attached to the vehicle's axle 7. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to apply the teachings of Goby's fork-shaped control arm to the vehicle suspension assembly of VanDenberg et al to reduce friction between the axle and the control arm.

8. Claims 18-20 and 29-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over VanDenberg in view of Conover (6,832,772). Vandenberg discloses the present invention except for the torsional member being pivotally attached to the first and second control arms. Conover teaches a torsion bar 5 that is configured to be pivotally attached to a pair of control arms. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the suspension of VanDenberg with the pivotally attached torsional member of Conover to allow for adjustability in roll stiffness.

***Allowable Subject Matter***

9. Claims 22-28 are allowed.

***Response to Arguments***

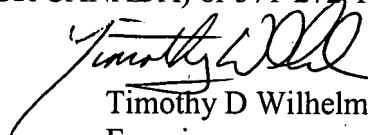
10. Applicant's arguments filed 5/7/2007 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. With regard to Applicant's argument about the placement of the torsional member with respect to the control arms, Examiner maintains his rejection on the basis of the word proximate being a relative term. Thus, with relation to the vehicle's steering wheel in the VanDenberg prior art, the torsional member is connected to the control arm proximate, or very near to, the control arm's first end. Regarding Applicant's argument that the Mair patent is nonanalogous art, Examiner maintains his rejection on the basis that Mair teaches that flange connections such as those claimed by Applicant are common knowledge to anyone of sufficient skill in the art of attaching a metal tubular member to another member. Regarding Bell, the prior art shows that L-shaped control arms are common in the art, as is the same with the Goby reference and its control arm's fork-shaped end, and thus Examiner maintains his rejection on the basis that it would have been simple design choice to use these iterations of control arms.

***Conclusion***


Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Timothy D. Wilhelm whose telephone number is 571-272-6980. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 AM to 5:30 PM Monday through Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Paul Dickson can be reached on 571-272-6669. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

 7/23/2007  
Timothy D Wilhelm  
Examiner  
Art Unit 3616

TDW

 7/23/07  
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